

Android™ HDCP2.x User's Guide

Contents

1 Overview

This document explains the steps to enable the HDCP2.X function based on the Android™ Extended Wi-Fi Display Sink Release package. It describes how to enable the High Assurance Boot (HAB) for an Android image, how to generate and provision keyblob for HDCP2.X key, and how to enable the HDCP2.X functions based on i.MX Android Extended Wi-Fi Display Sink Release package. For more information, see the *Android™ User's Guide (AUG)*, *i.MX Android™ Extended Wi-Fi Display Sink Release Notes (AEWDSRN)*, and *i.MX 6 Linux High Assurance Boot (HAB) User's Guide (IMX6HABUG)*.

1	Overview.....	1
2	Preparation.....	1
3	Patching i.MX Android HDCP2.x Package.....	2
4	Android High Assurance Boot (HAB).....	3
5	HDCP Keyblobs.....	5
6	Revision History.....	6

2 Preparation

Unpack the imx-android-hdcp2.x.tar.gz file by using the following commands:

```
$ cd ~ (or any other directory you like)
$ tar xzvf N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x.tar.gz
$ cd N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x
$ tar xzvf HDCPLib.tar.gz
$ tar xzvf mxc_secureboot.tar.gz
$ tar xzvf Patches.tar.gz
```



3 Patching i.MX Android HDCP2.x Package

3.1 Enabling secure boot in the Android platform's U-Boot

Rebuild the Android platform's U-Boot image with the patches to myandroid/bootloader/bootable/u-boot. The patches are included in N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/android, which can be applied as:

```
$ cd myandroid/bootloader/bootable/u-boot
$ git apply ~/N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/bootable/bootloader/uboot-imx/0001-Enable-CONFIG_SECURE_BOOT-for-android-bootloader.patch
```

3.2 Enabling secure boot in MFGTool's U-Boot

Rebuild the MFGTool's U-Boot image with the patches to myandroid/bootloader/bootable/u-boot. The patches are included in N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/mfgtool, which can be applied as:

```
$ cd myandroid/bootloader/bootable/u-boot
$ git apply ~/N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/bootable/bootloader/uboot-imx/0001-Enable-CONFIG_SECURE_BOOT-for-android-bootloader.patch
```

3.3 Disabling non-security features in a boot image

Rebuild boot.img with the following patches in myandroid/device/fsl.

All these patches are included in N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/android, which can be applied as:

```
$ cd myandroid/device/fsl
$ git apply ~/N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/device/fsl/0001-Disable-runtime-config-on-dm_verity.patch
$ git apply ~/N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/device/fsl/0002-Change-shell-to-be-executed-in-shell-user.patch
```

3.3.1 Disabling DM_VERITY runtime configurable feature

The patch 0001-Disable-runtime-config-on-dm_verity.patch is used to disable DM_VERITY runtime configurable feature in boot.img. It has the following changes. Users should follow the *Android™ Frequently Asked Questions* to generate the keys to sign the verity table of system.img.

```
diff --git a/sabresd_6dq/BoardConfig.mk b/sabresd_6dq/BoardConfig.mk
index 516c8e5..86800e4 100644
--- a/sabresd_6dq/BoardConfig.mk
+++ b/sabresd_6dq/BoardConfig.mk
@@ -80,7 +80,7 @@ TARGET_SELECT_KEY := 28
# we don't support sparse image.
TARGET_USERIMAGES_SPARSE_EXT_DISABLED := false
-DM_VERITY_RUNTIME_CONFIG := true
+DM_VERITY_RUNTIME_CONFIG := false
# uncomment below lines if use NAND
#TARGET_USERIMAGES_USE_UBIFS = true
```

NOTE

With DM_VERITY enabled, the boot.img and recovery.img files include the verity metadata of system.img. Any changes in system.img require a rebuild of boot.img and recovery.img. Otherwise, boot.img and recovery.img fail to load system.img.

3.4 Enabling the CAAM driver in MFGTool's kernel DTS

Rebuild the zImage with the following patches in myandroid/kernel_imx.

All of these patches are included in N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/android, which can be applied as:

```
$ cd myandroid/kernel_imx
$ git apply ~/N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/Patches/kernel_imx/0001-Enable-caam-in-mfgtools.patch
```

3.5 Adding HDCP support based on Android extended Wi-Fi display sink package

The HDCPLib.tar.gz package is used to add HDCP support in Android Extended Wi-Fi Display Sink. The following are the steps to add the HDCP support:

1. Use the following commands to patch HDCP libraries to wfd-proprietary:

```
tar xzvf ~/N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x/HDCPLib.tar.gz -C ~/myandroid/device/wfd-proprietary/
```

2. Follow Section 3.4 "Building Android images" in the *Android™ User's Guide* (AUG) to build Android images.

4 Android High Assurance Boot (HAB)

4.1 Generating key pair and public key's fuse file, and enabling HAB for i.MX 6DualQuad/6DualLite

To generate key pair and public key's fuse file, and enable HAB for i.MX 6DualQuad/6DualLite, perform the following steps:

1. Download the CST Tool as described in the *i.MX 6 Linux High Assurance Boot (HAB) User's Guide* (IMX6HABUG).
2. Follow the steps from 1 to 6, and 18 in "4 Test Procedure" in the *i.MX 6 Linux High Assurance Boot (HAB) User's Guide* (IMX6HABUG).

4.2 Signing the Android boot/recovery image and U-Boot image

1. Prepare tools for HAB:

```
$ cd ~
$ tar xzvf mxc_secureboot.tar.gz
# Assuming the cst tools installed into ~/cst-2.2
$ cd ~/mxc_secureboot
$ cp mxc_secureboot/template ~/cst-2.2/. -r
```

Android High Assurance Boot (HAB)

```
$ cp mxc_secureboot/u-boot ~/cst-2.2/. -r
$ cp mxc_secureboot/zImage ~/cst-2.2/. -r
$ cp mxc_secureboot/bootimg ~/cst-2.2/. -r
```

2. Sign the U-Boot image:

```
$ cp ~/myandroid/out/target/product/sabresd_6dq/u-boot-imx6q.img ~/cst-2.2/u-boot/u-
boot.img
$ cd ~/cst-2.2/u-boot
$ ./mk_secure_uboot
$ mv u-boot-signed-pad.img u-boot-imx6q-signed-pad.img
```

3. Sign the recovery image:

```
$ cp ~/myandroid/out/target/product/sabresd_6dq/recovery-imx6q.img ~/cst-2.2/bootimg/
boot.img
$ cd ~/cst-2.2/bootimg
$ ./mk_secure_bootimg 0x12000000 [6QDL: 0x12000000 6SL/SX/7D: 0x80800000]
$ mv boot-signed-pad.img recovery-imx6q-signed-pad.img
```

4. Sign the boot image:

```
$ cp ~/myandroid/out/target/product/sabresd_6dq/boot-imx6q.img ~/cst-2.2/bootimg/
boot.img
$ cd ~/cst-2.2/bootimg
$ ./mk_secure_bootimg 0x12000000 [6QDL: 0x12000000 6SL/SX/7D: 0x80800000]
$ mv boot-signed-pad.img boot-imx6q-signed-pad.img
```

5. Sign the zImage to be used in the MFGTool:

```
$ cp ~/myandroid/kernel_imx/arch/arm/boot ~/cst-2.2/zImage
$ cd ~/cst-2.2/zImage
$ ./mk_secure_zimage 0x12000000 [6QDL: 0x12000000 6SL/SX/7D: 0x80800000]
```

NOTE

The `mk_secure_bootimg` script only takes `boot.img` as the input file, and `boot-signed-pad.img` as the output file. When being used to sign `recovery.img`, the `recovery.img` needs to be renamed as `boot.img`.

4.3 Downloading Android images to the SD Card or eMMC with the MFGTool

To download Android images to the SD Card or eMMC with the MFGTool, perform the following steps:

1. The bootloader `u-boot-imx6q-sabresd.img` in `mfgtools\Profiles\Linux\OS Firmware\firmware` needs to be built with the patches in `N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x\Patches\mfgtool\uboot`.
2. The `zImage` in `mfgtools\Profiles\Linux\OS Firmware\firmware` needs to be built with the patches in `N7.1.1_1.0.0-HDCP2.x\Patches\mfgtool\kernel_imx`.
3. Sign `u-boot-imx6q-sabresd.img` and `zImage` in `mfgtools\Profiles\Linux\OS Firmware\firmware` as steps 11 and 12 in the link: community.nxp.com/docs/DOC-96451
4. See the *Android™ Quick Start Guide* (AQSUG) to download the signed Android boot image and U-Boot image.

NOTE

- The code base for U-Boot and kernel in the MFGTool should be from the *i.MX 6 Linux imx_4.1.15_1.2.0-ga* release.
- The default `u-boot-imx6q-sabresd.img` in the default Android release MFGTool does not enable the secure boot.
- Users need to follow the *i.MX 6 Linux High Assurance Boot (HAB) User's Guide* (IMX6HABUG) to build a secure boot-enabled U-Boot for MFGTools.
- Users need to sign the U-Boot and `zImage` in the MFGTool.
- The process of signing U-Boot of the MFGTool is different from signing U-Boot for booting device from the SD Card or eMMC.

5 HDCP Keyblobs

There are two keys for each HDCP Sink device as shown in the following figure.

- 128 bit Secret Global Constant (Ic 128). The length of Secret Global Constant (Ic 128) is 36 bytes, which includes its SHA1.
- Device Certification, which includes the Device Public Certification and Device Private Certification. The Device Certification is 862 bytes, which includes its SHA1.

The Wi-Fi Display Sink needs to access two keys to support the Wi-Fi Display Source with HDCP enabled. It is high risk to store these two keys directly in storage. i.MX 6Quad/6DualLite has the hardware security module to encrypt key to keyblob and decrypt keyblob to key. Device only needs to store the HDCP keyblobs in storage. The HDCP keys can only be decrypted by the same i.MX 6Quad/6DualLite, which can be used to generate the keyblob. The decryption and encryption process is performed with the hardware security module, which acts as a black box to users.

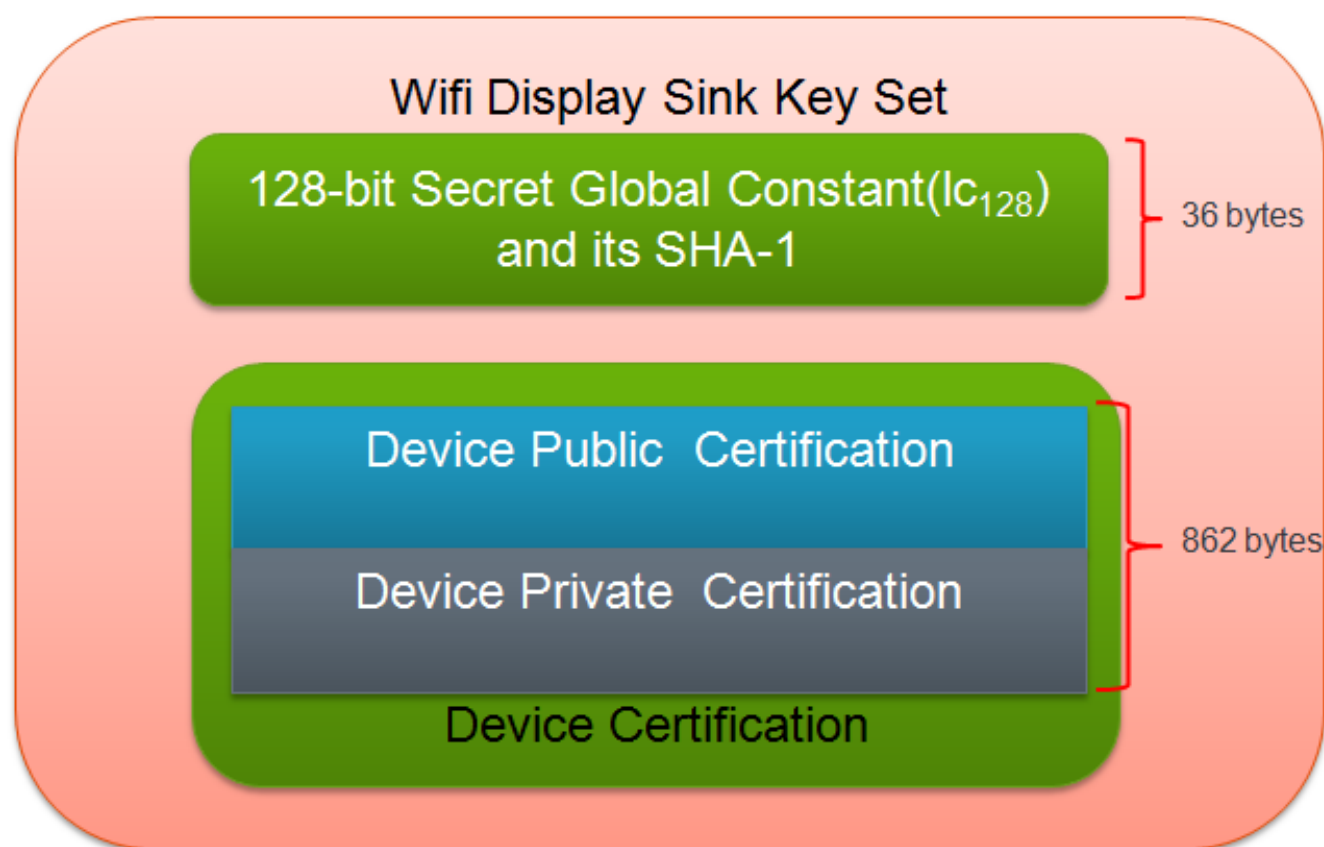


Figure 1. HDCP keyblobs

5.1 Generating HDCP key files

The user should request HDCP keys for Sink device from the Digital Content Protection, LLC (DCP). The user should have the HDCP keys for Sink device as the following format:

HDCP Sink Key text format

KSV: xxxxx

Revision History

Content: xxxx

To generate HDCP key files, perform the following steps:

1. Copy the first 72 characters in Content to the file lc_128.txt. and the remainder in Content to the hdcp2_key.txt.
2. Use the following commands to generate the key file in Linux OS:

```
$ xxd -r -p lc_128.txt hdcpv2trans_license_constant.bin
$ xxd -r -p hdcp2_key.txt hdcpv2trans_kp.bin
```

5.2 Generating and provisioning HDCP Keyblobs

The mfgtools-HDCP2x.zip file is used to generate and provision HDCP keyblobs into the system. The keyblobs are stored in the device partition. The setps are as follows:

1. Unzip the mfgtools-HDCP2x.zip file into a Windows® OS computer.
2. Put the HDCP keys in the following folder. Make sure to have the same file name as follows:
 - mfgtools-HDCP2x\Profiles\Linux\OS
 - Firmware\files\android\hdcp-keys\hdcpv2trans_kp.bin
 - mfgtools-HDCP2x\Profiles\Linux\OS
 - Firmware\files\android\hdcp-keys\hdcpv2trans_license_constant.bin
3. Make your board into download mode.
4. Click the VBS according to your board type.

Table 1. Board types and VBS

Board type	Boot storage	VBS
1 GHZ i.MX 6DualQuad SABRE-SD	eMMC	mfgtool2-android-mx6q-sa bresd-emmc-hdcp2x.vbs
1.2 GHZ i.MX 6DualQuad SABRE-SD	eMMC	mfgtool2-android-mx6q-sa bresd-emmc-1.2g-hdcp2x.vbs
i.MX 6DualLite SABRE-SD	eMMC	mfgtool2-android-mx6dl-s abresd-emmc-hdcp2x.vbs
1 GHZ i.MX 6DualQuad SABRE-SD	SD card	mfgtool2-android-mx6dl-s abresd-sd-hdcp2x.vbs
1.2 GHZ i.MX 6DualQuad SABRE-SD	SD card	mfgtool2-android-mx6q-sa bresd-sd-1.2g-hdcp2x.vbs
i.MX 6DualLite SABRE-SD	SD card	mfgtool2-android-mx6dl-s abresd-sd-hdcp2x.vbs

NOTE

- The steps in this section should be done after the Android images are downloaded into the device with the MFGTool. Otherwise, the process of Android images downloading erases the HDCP keyblobs in the device partition.
- Users should follow the steps 1 - 3 in [Downloading Android images to the SD Card or eMMC with the MFGTool](#) to generated the bootloader and zImage for the MFGTool.

6 Revision History

Table 2. Revision history

Revision number	Date	Substantive changes
N7.1.1_1.0.0	03/2017	Initial release

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